

british

general

nationality:

nurnose: transport cargo type:

propulsion:

steamer date built: 1905

is nickname: unknown status:

<u>details</u> weight (tons): 2073 grt

dimensions: 91,1 x 11,9 x 6,8 m material: steel

engine: triple expansion engine armament: armed merchant ship

power: 274 n.h.p.

speed: 8 knots

about the loss cause lost:

torpedo date lost: 10/06/1942 [dd/mm/yyyy]

casualties: † 20 rank 391

builder:

owner:

Gray William & Co., Ltd., West Hartlepool (Sunderland) Anglo-Saxon Petroleum

Co. Ltd., London captain:

George Christopher Pearson complement:

about the wreck depth:

orientation

protected:

war grave:

references

reference(s):

updates

www.uboat.net

entered by: Allen Tony

entered: 30/12/2007

last update: Vleageert Nico last update: 29/07/2010

Position

Allen Tony 30/12/2007

latitude: 31°10'0X" N

longitude: 028°36'0<u>X</u>" E

ED50 system: division 1'=60"

Position is PA.

ref. used: www.ubootwaffe.net

add position to my marks

show neighbour, wrecks: members only

check AIS

insert new position

The Wreck today

insert wrecksite info

Pictures



Vleageert Nico 19/09/2009 Havre

copyrights: Unknown - onbekend - inconnu ref. used: www.helderline.nl









insert new picture

History

Allen Tony 30/12/2007

Havre SS was a British Cargo Steamer of 2,073 tons built in 1905. On the 10th June 1942 when on route from ALEXANDRIA for TOBRUK carrying a cargo of 2,125 tons of cased benzine she was torpedoed by German submarine U-a total of 45. U-431 and sunk. 20 crew lost from ref. used:www.ubootwaffe.net

insert new history

Documents insert new document



About Builder(s)



Gray William & Co., Ltd., West Hartlepool (Sunderland)
William Gray and Company of Central Marine Engineering Works, West Hartlepool, was a shipbuilding firm from 1874-1963. They were the largest firm of shipbuilders in the Hartlepools and also lasted longer than any other local shipbuilding firm. For a hundred years the company ensured the towns' prosperity by giving jobs to thousands of local people. - - - - - - William Gray and Co always maintained its reputation for being in the vanguard of technological and technical innovation. The company regularly topped the output for British shipyards in the last decade of the nineteenth and early 20th century, Between 1883 and 1887 the yard expanded through the acquisition of one ten acre site (Central) and a three berth shipyard (Jackson). Towards the end of the 19th century, demand was for bigger ships which could carry more cargo. This led to the opening, in 1887, of another Gray shipyard at the end of the Central Dock. In 1890 William Gray was knighted. He was active in the civil life of Hartlepool having been the first mayor of West Hartlepool among many other achievements. In 1896 Matthew Gray died in 1896, followed two

Hartlepool having been the first mayor of West Hartlepool among many other achievements. In 1896 Matthew Gray died in 1896, followed two years later by both Sir William Gray, and Thomas Mudd. This left Sir William's younger son, William Cresswell Gray, as Chairman of the company. In 1898 Sir William Gray died. His surviving son William Cresswell Gray became director of the yards. During WWI output was 30 cargo-liners and tramps built to private order, 13 vessels built to Admiralty order and 30 standard "WAR" tramps built for the Shipping Controller. King George V and Queen Mary visited the yard to boost morale. The yard had a 100-ton hammer head crane which was a Hartlepool landmark until it was demolished in the 1960s. The Company went into voluntary liquidation in 1962. The various yards were either acquired, auctioned or demolished in 1963.

